§57.2809

§ 57.2809 What other records, audit, and inspection requirements apply to grantees?

(a) Each entity which receives a grant under this subpart must meet the requirements of 45 CFR part 74 concerning audit and inspection.

(b) The grantee must also maintain: (1) A record of all applications for scholarships, and the basis for approving or disapproving each application, including a copy of the total need analysis and determination of resources for each applicant and documentation for any changes made to the need analysis report used by the school; (2) A record of the amount of funds awarded to each recipient.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0915–0028)

[45 FR 40583, June 16, 1980, as amended at 57 FR 45743, Oct. 5, 1992; 61 FR 6127, Feb. 16, 1996; 61 FR 51020, Sept. 30, 1996]

§ 57.2810 Additional conditions.

The Secretary may impose additional conditions on any grant award before or at the time of an award if he or she determines that these conditions are necessary to assure or protect the advancement of the approved activity, the interest of the public health, or the conservation of grant funds.

Subpart DD—Financial Assistance for Disadvantaged Health Professions Students

AUTHORITY: Sec. 215 of the Public Health Service Act, 58 Stat. 690, as amended by 63 Stat. 35 (42 U.S.C. 216); sec. 787 of the Public Health Service Act, 90 Stat. 2309, as amended by 95 Stat. 923, 99 Stat. 541 (42 U.S.C. 295g-7); renumbered as sec. 740, as amended by Pub. L. 102-408, 106 Stat. 2032-2033 (42 U.S.C. 293d).

SOURCE: 52 FR 18675, May 18, 1987, unless otherwise noted.

§ 57.2901 To what program do these regulations apply?

These regulations apply to grants to eligible schools under section 740(a)(2) (F) and (d) of the Public Health Service Act for financial assistance for disadvantaged health professions students of exceptional financial need.

[52 FR 18675, May 18, 1987, as amended at 61 FR 6128, Feb. 16, 1996]

§ 57.2902 Definitions.

Act means the Public Health Service Act, as amended

Full-time student means a student enrolled in a school and pursuing a course of study which constitutes a full-time academic workload, as determined by the school, leading to a degree from a school of medicine, school of osteopathic medicine, or school of dentistry, as specified in section 799(1)(A) of the Act.

National of the United States means—

- (1) A citizen of the United States; or
- (2) A person who, though not a citizen of the United States, owes permanent allegiance to the United States, as defined in the Immigration and Nationality Act, at 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(22).

School means a public or private nonprofit school of medicine, osteopathic medicine, or dentistry, as defined in section 799(1)(A) of the Act.

School year means the traditional approximately 9-month September to June annual session. For the purpose of computing school year equivalents for students who, during a 12-month period, attend for a longer period than the traditional school year, the school year will be considered to be 9 months in length.

Secretary means the Secretary of Health and Human Services and any other officer or employee of the Department to whom the authority involved has been delegated.

State means, in addition to the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Republic of Palau, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, and the Federated States of Micronesia.

[52 FR 18675, May 18, 1987, as amended at 57 FR 45743, Oct. 5, 1992; 61 FR 6128, Feb. 16, 1996]

§ 57.2903 How to apply for a grant.

(a) Any school located in a State may apply for a grant. Each school seeking a grant must submit an application at the time and in the form and manner that the Secretary may require. The

application must be signed by an individual authorized to act for the applicant and to assume on behalf of the applicant the obligations imposed by the statute, the regulations of this subpart, and the terms and conditions of the award.

(b) Each application will be reviewed to determine eligibility and the reasonableness of the amount of Federal support requested. The Secretary may require the applicant to submit additional data for this purpose.

$\$\,57.2904$ Eligibility and selection of aid recipients.

- (a) Determination of eligibility. An individual is eligible for consideration for financial assistance under this program if he or she:
- (1) Is a resident of the United States and either a citizen or national of the United States, an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States, a citizen of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, a citizen of the Republic of Palau, a citizen of the Republic of the Marshall Islands, or a citizen of the Federated States of Micronesia.
- (2) Is enrolled or has been accepted for enrollment as a full-time student at a school:
- (3) Comes from a disadvantaged background. For purposes of this program, an individual from a disadvantaged background is one who—
- (i) Comes from an environment that has inhibited the individual from obtaining the knowledge, skills, and abilities required to enroll in and graduate from a school; or
- (ii) Comes from a family with an annual income below a level based on low income thresholds according to family size published by the U.S. Bureau of the Census, adjusted annually for changes in the Consumer Price Index, and adjusted by the Secretary for use in all health professions programs. The Secretary will periodically publish these income levels in the FEDERAL REGISTER; and
- (4) Has exceptional financial need. For purposes of this program, a student will have exceptional financial need if the school determines that the student's resources, as described in para-

- graph (b)(1) of this section, do not exceed the lesser of \$5,000 or one-half of the cost of attendance at the school. Student summer earnings, educational loans, veterans (G.I.) benefits, and earnings during the school year will not be considered resources for purposes of determining whether a student has exceptional financial need.
- (b) Selection of aid recipients. The school will select qualified recipients and determine the amount of aid to be awarded to provide its needy students with the maximum possible benefit.
- (1) In determining the amount of aid an eligible student needs to pursue a full-time course of study at the school, the school will take into consideration:
- (i) The financial resources available to the student by using one of the national need analysis systems or any other procedure approved by the Secretary of Education in combination with other information which the school has regarding the student's financial status. The school must take into account, regardless of the tax status of the student, the expected contribution from parents, spouse, self, or (as appropriate) other family members. In making this determination, the school must consider photocopies of the parents', student's, and spouse's Federal income tax forms with original signatures for the most recent tax year (or certification that no Federal income tax return was filed and documentation of the total income for the most recent tax year), and may require tax returns that are certified as having been received by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS); and
- (ii) The costs reasonably necessary for the student's attendance at the school. The school must document the criteria used for determining these costs. This documentation must include resource materials used by the school to determine the dollar amount for each category of expenses in its standard student budgets.
- (2) The school must select aid recipients in order of greatest need, as determined by the school. The school may consider other scholarship, grant, or